# Mark schemes

		4	
Œ.	1	7	
•			

- (a) 1. Renal vein;
  - 2. Vena cava to right atrium;
  - 3. Right ventricle to pulmonary artery;

3

- (b) 1. Vein;
  - 2. Wide(r) lumen

OR

Thinner wall;

2

(c) 1. (Plasma) proteins remain;

Accept albumin/globulins/fibrinogen for (plasma) protein

2. (Creates) water potential gradient

**OR** 

Reduces water potential (of blood);

- 3. Water moves (to blood) by osmosis;
- 4. Returns (to blood) by lymphatic system;

[9]

4

# Q2.

- (a) 1. Only use single lines/do not use sketching (lines)/ensure lines are continuous/connected;
  - 2. Add labels/annotations/title;
  - 3. Add magnification/scale (bar);
  - 4. Draw all parts to same scale/relative size;
  - 5. Do not use shading/hatching;

2 max

(b) 1. Blood vessel **X** – artery/arteriole **and** 

Blood vessel Y - vein/venule;

2. (Difference in) lumen size

OR

(Difference in) wall thickness;

Ignore name of blood vessel, eg. (pulmonary) artery

2

(c) 1. Carry/wash sharp instruments by holding handle

**OR** 

Carry/wash sharp instruments by pointing away (from body)/down;

Accept for 'instruments', a suitable named example, eg. scalpel

2. Disinfect instruments/surfaces;

Accept for 'instruments', a suitable named example, eg. scalpel

Accept for 'disinfect', sanitise OR use antiseptic

3. Disinfect hands

**OR** 

Wash hands with soap (and water);

Accept for 'disinfect', sanitise OR use antiseptic

4. Put organ/gloves/paper towels in a (separate) bag/bin/tray to dispose;

2 max

[6]

Q3.

- (a) 1. Muscle contracts;
  - 2. Constricts/narrows arteriole/lumen;

Accept decreases for constricts/narrows
Accept vasoconstriction for 1 mark

2

- (b) (Ventricles and arteries)
  - 1. Ventricle (muscles) relaxed

OR

Arteries recoiled;

Accept references to ventricle, artery or atrium (singular)

Accept no muscle activity

OR

Diastole

OR

Arteries smoothing blood flow

2. No (blood) backflow (into ventricles)

**OR** 

No blood movement to/in/from arteries;

Accept flow/pumped for movement

(Atria and ventricles)

- 3. Atria (muscle) contracted;
- 4. Blood movement from atria (into ventricles);

  Accept flow/pumped for movement
- (c) Vena cava;
- (d) 2 marks for correct answer = 130 (beats min<sup>-1</sup>);;

1 mark for correct stroke volume = 104

[9]

1

2

2

Q4.

(a) 1. Aortic/semi-lunar valves is closed;

Accept 'aorta valve' or 'valve to the aorta' or 'valve between the aorta and the ventricle'.

Do not accept S-L/A-V valve.

2. Because pressure in aorta higher than in ventricle;

Accept 9-10kPa in ventricle and 13kPa in aorta. Ignore incorrect figures.

(b) 1. Elastic recoil (of the aorta wall/tissue);

Reject muscle contracting.

Ignore reference to muscle relaxing.

2. Smooths the blood flow

OR

Maintains rate of blood flow

OR

Maintains blood pressure;

Ignore reference to preventing backflow of blood.

(c) 1. Peaks/contractions at the same/similar time

OR

Same/similar pattern;

Mark the answer as a whole.

Accept 'shape (of curve)' for 'pattern'.

2. Lower pressure;

2

(d) 167 (beats minute<sup>-1</sup>)

OR

164 (beats minute<sup>-1</sup>)

OR

171 (beats minute<sup>-1</sup>);

Full answers

166.6 recurring, 164.383562, 171.428571

Accept any number of decimal places as long as rounding correct.

[7]

1

# Q5.

(a) 1. Increases dissociation of oxygen;

Accept unloading/ release/reduced affinity for dissociation

2. For <u>aerobic</u> respiration at the tissues/muscles/cells

**OR** 

Anaerobic respiration delayed at the tissues/muscles/cells

**OR** 

Less lactate at the tissues/muscles/cells;

2

2

- (b) 1. (Time) 10 minutes;
  - 2. (Ratio) 1.6875(:1);

Allow 1 mark for correct ratio calculated from wrong time

For the ratio accept any correct rounding

(c) 1. Increase in breathing (rate);

Award mark points 1 and 2 **OR** 3 and 4 Allow more breaths per minute Reject more BPM

2. Similar/same pCO<sub>2</sub> per breath, but more breaths;

OR

3. Increase in tidal volume;

Accept each breath is deeper

4. Similar/same pCO<sub>2</sub> per breath, but increased volume per breath;

2

(f) 1. (EPO) causes blood to thicken;

Accept descriptions of thickening, eg more viscous

2. (The thickened blood) could block the coronary arteries

**OR** 

(The thickened blood) slows blood flow

OR

(The thicker blood) could cause clots;

Reject atheroma/plaque (forms)

Accept could cause thrombus/embolus

2

(g) 1. Some cyclists will gain a bigger advantage/increase

OR

Cyclists with a haematocrit of 50% would not be able to gain an advantage;

Accept use of the data, or suitable calculations, eg some may have an 8% increase, others 0% Some cyclists might naturally have a haematocrit over 50% (and so not be allowed to compete)

2. There are health risks (associated with) taking EPO;

Accept dangerous side-effects of taking EPO, or
examples of health risks

[15]

2

Q6.

(a) 1. Increases/more oxygen dissociation/unloading

Deceases haemoglobin's affinity for O2;

Accept more readily

Accept releases more O2

(By) decreasing (blood) pH/increasing acidity;
 Reject if reference made to active site

2

2

(b) 1. High(er) affinity for O<sub>2</sub> (than haemoglobin)

**OR** 

Dissociates oxygen less readily

OR

Associates more readily;

Accept holds O<sub>2</sub> at lower ppO<sub>2</sub>

2. Allows (aerobic) respiration when diving/at low(er) pO<sub>2</sub>

OR

Provides oxygen when haemoglobin unloaded

**OR** 

Delays anaerobic respiration/lactate production;

Accept acts as an oxygen store

(c) Correct answer for 2 marks

10.8 to 11 (mins)

OR

10 minutes and 48 seconds = 2 marks;;

Accept for 1 mark, 10.48 minutes

OR

Reference to 2057.7 to 2058 (10 700 ÷ 5.2, time oxygen would last if its mass was 1 kg)

OR

Reference to 56 to 56.3 (10700 ÷ 190, oxygen in 1 kg of seal)

OR

Reference to 988 (5.2 × 190, oxygen used min<sup>-1</sup> by the seal)

OR

Incorrect answer with correct answer shown in working

[6]

2

1

Q7.

(a) Valve A

(Left) atrioventricular

Chamber B

Left ventricle;

Reject right side in either context Accept mitral/bicuspid for Valve **A**. Reject tricuspid for Valve **A** Ignore AV for Valve **A** 

(b) Accept any **two** suitable safety precautions for 1 mark, eg;

Use a sharp scalpel/scissors

Wash hands/wear gloves

Disinfect bench/equipment

Cover any cuts

Cut away from self/others/on a hard surface

Safe disposal

Ignore take care with scalpel/scissors or keep away from fingers

Ignore goggles

1 max

(c) 1. Pressure in (left) <u>atrium</u> is higher than in ventricle/**B causing** valve to open;

#### OR

(When) pressure above valve is higher than below valve it opens;

Ignore pressure in front of/behind valve
As long as direction of opening/closing of valve is correct, ignore 'semi lunar'

2. Pressure in (left) <u>ventricle/B</u> is higher than in atrium **causing** valve to close;

#### OR

(When) pressure in below valve is higher than above valve it closes:

Accept cords/tendons prevent valve turning inside out Ignore pressure in front of/behind valve
As long as direction of opening/closing of valve is correct, ignore 'semi lunar'

2

(d) 1. More impulses/action potentials along sympathetic (nervous system pathway/branch);

Ignore signals/information/ messages
Idea of more impulses/action potentials is required

2. To SAN increasing the heart rate (seen in **Figure 2**);

2

(e) 73

(this is the *best* answer since all numbers quoted in the question are to 2 s.f.)

(73.4375)

Accept 73.4 / any correct rounding

### (f) Group to be given

1. Sugar solution (only)

#### OR

A drink with sugar (and no caffeine);

Accept 'glucose' for sugar

Ignore named drinks unless qualified

Ignore 'sugar' by itself

Ignore references to use of a placebo tablet

#### Reason

2. To show/prove that sugar (alone) is not causing the increases (in HR)

### **OR**

To show that sugar does not have an effect;

Accept 'to see the effect of sugar'

[9]

2

3

1

### Q8.

(a) D;

G;

F;

(b) Coronary arteries;

Accept coronary artery

Ignore aorta, arteriole and capillary

Reject coronary veins

Do not accept coronary by itself

Accept phonetic spelling

Q9.

(a) 1. Binding of first oxygen changes tertiary / quaternary (structure) of haemoglobin;

Ignore ref. to 'positive cooperativity' unqualified

Ignore ref. to named bonds

Accept conformational shift caused

2. Creates / leads to / uncovers second / another binding site

OR

Uncovers another iron / Fe / haem group to bind to;

Reject ref. to active site

2

### Q10.

(a)

	open	closed
Semi-lunar valves	2	3

Atrioventricular valves 4 1

One mark for each correct column

General marker

2

(b) (Acceptable range is) 6315.79 to 6400;

Allow one mark for  $(SV = 120 - 40 =) 80 (cm^3)$ 

OR

(1 cycle = 1.24 - 0.48 =) 0.76 (s)

OR

79 / 80 (beats minute<sup>-1</sup>)

2

- (c) 1. Contraction of ventricle(s) produces **high** blood / hydrostatic pressure;
  - 2. (This) forces water (and some dissolved substances) out (of blood capillaries);
    - Do not accept contraction / pumping of the heart
    - 1. Reject blood / plasma / tissue fluid forced out

2

(d) Excess tissue fluid cannot be (re)absorbed / builds up;

The idea of excess is important Accept 'drained' for absorbed

[7]

# Q11.

(a) First oxygen binds (to Hb) causing change in shape; (Shape change of Hb) allows more  $O_2$  to bind (easily) / greater saturation with  $O_2$ 

OR

Cooperative binding;

2

- (b) 1. (HbA has) lower affinity for  $O_2$  at low partial pressures; **OR** 
  - (HbA has) lower affinity for oxygen at pp found in tissues;
  - 2. Easier unloading of O<sub>2</sub> for (aerobic) respiration;

2

- (c) 1. A large/significant increase in HbF;
  - 2. (HbF has) higher affinity for O<sub>2</sub> (than faulty HbA);
  - Higher proportion of HbF in blood so more oxygen carried;
     OR

More oxygen carried after treatment;

3